



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Stor & Lube® Corrosion Inhibitor
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 02061 (Item# 1003189)
Recommended use	Corrosion Inhibitor
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.
Address	885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US
Telephone	
General Information	215-674-4300
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168
Customer Service	800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (US)
Website	www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols Gases under pressure	Category 1 Compressed gas
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Aspiration hazard	Category 2 Category 2B Category 3 narcotic effects Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2 Category 3
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves. Avoid release to the environment.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	40 - 50
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		64742-48-9	10 - 20
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy		64742-70-7	10 - 20
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light		64742-71-8	5 - 10
butyl stearate		123-95-5	3 - 5
calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate		26264-06-2	3 - 5
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 3
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers		61788-89-4	1 - 3
petrolatum		8009-03-8	1 - 3
sodium petroleum sulfonate		68608-26-4	1 - 3
sorbitan monooleate		1338-43-8	1 - 3
sorbitan monotallate		61791-48-8	1 - 3

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. Will burn if involved in a fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid breathing mist/vapors. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Level 3 Aerosol. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	PEL	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
butyl stearate (CAS 123-95-5)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3 5000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Tan. Cream.
Odor	Petroleum.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-56.2 °F (-49 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	212 °F (100 °C) estimated
Flash point	144 °F (62.2 °C) Setaflash
Evaporation rate	Slow.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.5 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	6 % estimated
Vapor pressure	1489.8 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.87 estimated
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	410 °F (210 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Percent volatile	59.8 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Sulfur oxides. Hydrogen sulfide. Mercaptans. Sulfides. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke. Aldehydes.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Irritation of eyes. Exposed individuals may experience eye tearing, redness, and discomfort. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.	
Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Components	Species	Test Results
<hr/>		
butyl stearate (CAS 123-95-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	32 g/kg
calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate (CAS 26264-06-2)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	1300 mg/kg
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Inhalation		
Gas		
LC50	Rat	470000 ppm, 30 minutes
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers (CAS 61788-89-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
sodium petroleum sulfonate (CAS 68608-26-4)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
sorbitan monooleate (CAS 1338-43-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	39800 mg/kg
sorbitan monotallate (CAS 61791-48-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 20 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	39800 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	3	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)		
Not regulated.		
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers (CAS 61788-89-4)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio) > 350 mg/l, 96 hours
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia > 100 mg/l, 48 hours
sorbitan monooleate (CAS 1338-43-8)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions This product is not a RCRA hazardous waste (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33). Empty containers may be recycled. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-

Packing group Not applicable.
ERG Code 10L
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

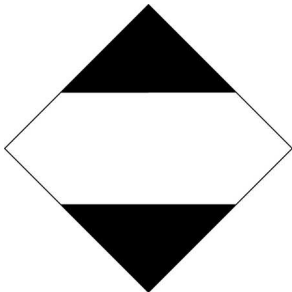
Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1950
UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 2.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group Not applicable.
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

DOT; IMDG



IATA



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate (CAS 26264-06-2)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate 1000 LBS
(CAS 26264-06-2)

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Gas under pressure
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate (CAS 26264-06-2)
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate (CAS 26264-06-2)
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate (CAS 26264-06-2)
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)

US. Rhode Island RTK

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: February 27, 1987
ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed: April 19, 2002

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed: January 1, 1991

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Listed: December 26, 1997
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US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy (CAS 64742-48-9)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 89.5 %

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State

Consumer products This product is regulated as a Rust Preventative Lubricant. This product is compliant for use in all 50 states.

VOC content (CA) 24.5 %

VOC content (OTC) 24.5 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 11-11-2013
Revision date 01-21-2019
Prepared by Allison Yoon
Version # 05
Further information CRC # 527J-K/1002538-1002540

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Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.